

Social Impact Assessment Study

FINAL REPORT

17-06-2020

Submission :
District Collector, Thrissur

KONDAZHY-KUTHAMPULLY BRIDGE & APPROACH ROAD



SIA UNIT

Youth Social Service Organisation
Social Service Centre
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Kondazhy-Kuthampully Bridge & Approach Road

District : Thrissur

Taluk : Thalappilly

Villages : Kondazhy, Kaniyarkkode

Submission

District Collector, Thrissur

Special Tahsildar, (L.A.) General Thrissur

PWD (Bridges), Ernakulam

SIA Unit

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Executive Director
Fr. Jose Paruthuvayalil

DECLARATION

As per Kerala Gazette notification No.G.O (P) No.DCTSR/3502/2018-E4 dated 22/02/2020. From District Administration, Thrissur, Youth Social Service Organization is assigned as the SIA Unit to study the Social impact Assessment of Land Acquisition for, Kondazhy Kuthampully Bridge and Approach Road. The land details are given to the SIA team by Special Tahasildar Office (L.A) General, Thrissur. The SIA team has collected data from the project affected families and the stake holders at Kondazhy Kuthampully Bridge and Approach Road to be constructed under PWD (Bridges), Ernakulam, the proposed project area. The supportive documents have to be verified by the concerned authorities.

Chairman,

SIA Unit

Youth Social Service Organisation

Thrissur,

17 /06/2020.



FORM NO.6
[See Rule 15(5)]

Kondazhy-Kuthampully Bridge & Approach Road

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CHAPTER 1

SUMMARY OF THE STUDY

1.1 INTRODUCTION: PROJECT AND ITS OBJECTIVES

This report deals with the study about the social impact on those who surrender land and property for the construction of the bridge and its Approach road at Kondazhi-Kuthampully way in Thrissur District.

The project area is situated at Kondazhi and Kaniyarkode villages at Thalappilli Taluk, in Thrissur District. And it is within the boundaries of Kondazhi and Thiruvillwamala Panchayats.

The unique feature attributable to Thiruvillwamala to make it distinct among the total 88 panchayats in Thrissur District, has been the colony of residents who had arrived here from the different parts of North India during ancient times and had settled in colonies at Kuthampully, Eravathodi, Aakkaparampu, Pattiparampu and such regions. Kuthampully, the weaver's village, lies spread over Ward I and Ward II of Thiruvillwamala Panchayat and the majority of its population belongs to 'Devanka' community. Similarly, another community known as '24 Mana Chittiyar' live in a colony at Aakkaparampu. Yet, other communities such as the 'Muthaliyars' of Eravathodi who practice Tamil language and ethoes, and the 'Naidu's' of Pattiparampu area, have all been following own customs and faiths different from those of the general community of Kerala. However, the present social atmosphere is of communal harmony and friendly co-existence.

Of the 30,000 numbered population, majority are farm-workers and building laborers apart from a few farmers. The place is as well, home to a good number of talented people renounced in the fields of art; literature and culture. We are familiar with the 'Villwadi' mountain range and 'Bhagavathychira of the region that had inspired the Epic Poet P. Kunju Raman Nair fly his poetic imagination in rainbow colours.

The age-old Sreevillwadrinatha Temple has a fascination for the outside world to turn to Thiruvillwamala Panchayat and therefore its developments may attain new heights.

This little village of Thiruvillwamala is an agriculture-centered area. Coconut, plantain, vegetables, ginger, turmeric and pepper are cultivated on the land area as main and mixed crops. Cattle are also reared complementary to this.

Rivers branching into manifold streams as well as wild brooks getting extinct are common rights peculiar to the region. By way of preserving streams, ponds and wells, water conservation is ensuring here whilst achieving food sufficiency and environment protection.

Three villages, namely, Kondazhy, Mayannoor and Chelakkodu form Kondazhy Gram panchayat which is an exceeding beautiful natural landscape with Gayathry River (Cheerakkuzhypuzha) in the east, Pazhayannoor and Park of Chelakkara in the south, Chelakkara Panchayat area and part of Panjaal Panchayat in the west, and Bharathapuzha (Nilanady) in the north.

Before 1953, Kondazhy Panchayat had just 2 villages, Mayannoor and Kondazhy. In the Princely state of Kochi it was in 1953 that election to the Panchayat had been held by Adult Franchise. Just before this Election, Chelakkode Village, which had been part of Puzhayannoor Panchayat, was merged into Kondazhy. During the time, the King of Kochi set out for the great temple of Thiruvillwamala Villwadrinatha for the sacred vision of the sanctum sanctorum. It is believed that the last king who set foot at the temple was King Rama Varma of Kochi Dynasty.

During the development phase of villages, it is important to prevent physical isolation by providing alternative travel facilities. Roads and bridges are necessary to link villages with towns. Through the project construction, the movements of the villagers become easier and socio-economic developments achievable. In addition to these, the project is expected to ensure public safety and great support for local tourism, agriculture and small-scale industries, which can immensely contribute to the economic growth of the surrounding villages, apart from opening up employment opportunities for the native community. Public opinion and social impact assessment study reveal that the proposed project is inevitable to facilitate travels as well as saving time. The lands to be undertaken for the project are private properties for which compensation can be given subject to the rules and regulations of 2013-Act.

1.2 The affected region

The lands required to be acquired for the Kondazhy-Kuthampully Bridge and Approach Road are 1.6069 Hectares, belonging to Kondazhy and Kaniyarkode villages in Thalappilly Taluk, Thrissur District. The project sites fall within Ward 1 and 2 of Thiruvillwamala Panchayat and Ward 4 of Kondazhy Panchayat. The approach road is proposed to run 638 meters long beside the textile shops 'Vasantham' on Kuthampully side, 300 meters into the Kayampoovam- Ottapalam P.W.D road and the bridge 181.20 meter long across the Gayathry River. Though a 0.0037 hectare stretch of land with title deed,

belonging to Survey No.6/1, lies adjoining the canal road; it has until date been used as a public way. Enquiries have not revealed the ownership of the land.

1.3 Area and benefits of the land acquisition

The size of the land to be acquired is 1.6069 Hectares. The Kondazhy-Kuthampully Bridge and Approach Road Project that links Thiruvillwamala and Kondazhy Panchayats is of utmost advantage to the region. The proposed project is the one and only feasible solution to many a problem such as difficulties faced by passengers as well as pedestrians, inability of people to reach hospitals, educational institutions or places of worship on time and delay in providing essential services of ambulance and fire-force.

Kondazhy-Kuthampully areas being a garment-industry centre, the project is a dire necessity for the commercial and industrial advancement of the region. Kuthampully is home to plenty of weaving industrialists. Yet another advantage of the project is that people can reach Kuthampully, Mayannoor and Ottapalam faster.

1.4 Alternate methods suggested

A better alternate route or location suitable for this project is not identified or suggested.

1.5 Social impacts and steps to reduce them

When we analyze The Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Re-settlement Act, 2013, it is concluded that social impacts can be managed through legal compensatory measures.

Sl. No.	Loss	Approach	Feasible Mitigation Steps
1.	Loss of Farmland and income	Compensation	Fair compensation
2.	Loss of Trees	Compensation and Restriction	Adequate compensation and arrangement to plant equal number of trees in Private or Govt. Lands.
3.	Loss of Cashcrops	Compensation	Adequate compensation
4.	Noise, air and water pollution and dust problem	Control	Include mitigation steps in the plan.

5.	Delay in the distribution of compensation for land acquisition	Proper Supervision and control	Pay compensation before the take-over of land
6.	Involve the impacted in the acquisition process	Control	Ensure participation of the impacted in the implementation process
7.	Grievance Redressal	Control	Formation of active Grievance Redressal committees at Panchayat and District levels

CHAPTER 2

DETAILS OF THE STUDY

2.1 Background and logic of the project

This chapter includes details related to Kondazhy-Kuthampully Bridge & Approach Road. The projects public goals and expenditure are included in this chapter.

2.2 Details of location, size, objectives and expenditure of the project

The lands required to be acquired for the Kondazhy-Kuthampully Bridge & Approach Road are 1.6069 Hectares, belonging to Kondazhy and Kaniyarkode villages in Thalappilly Taluk, Thrissur District.

Kondazhy-Kuthampully is a bridge project proposed to be built across the Gayathry river at Chelakkara linking Kondazhy and Kuthampully wards in Kondazhy and Thiruvallwamala Panchayats in Trissur district. The proposed bridge is expected to help improve contact between Kuthampully and its nearby towns.

Kuthampully is a rural area thickly populated by traditional handloom weavers. At the same time, it is an agricultural village where the majorities are farmers. Kuthampully is the major market place. When Kondazhy and Kuthampully are connected by, means of a bridge, the people of Kondazhy will be able to sell their farm produce at Kuthampully side and the people Kuthampully side will be able to sell their handloom garments at Kondazhy side. The bridge saves them 10kms serving as the shortest route to the market and Mayannoor. Most of the banks, schools and govt. officers are at Mayannoor. The bridge will provide easy travel to Mayannoor town for their daily needs and schooling of children. For those heading for Thiruvillwamala via Palakkad District, the bridge road is an alternative short route with a saving of 19kms.

This project is expected to promote the region's agriculture, tourism and industry. The bridge linking two panchayats is a blessing for school children. Blackstone, the special stone used for idol sculpturing in India and abroad, is found in Mayannoor, and the sculptors have to cross the river to reach here. The bridge is a great help for them too.

The project is the only remedy for all these problems. Kondazhy and Kuthampully are being a garment industrial centre, the project is inevitable for the commercial and industrial advancement of the region. Weaving industrialists are plenty in the place and the project

offers a lot of benefits for their business. Yet another goal of the project is that people can have easier and faster access to places like Kuthampully, Mayannoor and Ottappalam.

Improved travel facility, appreciation in the value of real estate and infrastructure development are advantages thanks to the project. 50 percent increase in industrial products will, indeed, add to the annual income. The total length of the bridge is 160.81 meters; the total cost is Rs.19 crore. The project has been approved by KIIFB.

2.3 Authorised basis of project

- State Govt. entrusted the Revenue Dept. with the acquisition of land as per the rules and regulation of the new Act of 2013 and handing over to the PWD (Bridges), Ernakulam
- As per Notification No. 753 of Volume 9 of Special Gazette dated march4,2019 of Kerala Govt. Youth Social Service Organisation was authorized to conduct a social impact study as per the laws and statutes of 2013, Act and submit a social impact study Report and counter impact implementation Plan.
- For the Kondazhy-Kuthampully Bridge & Approach Road, Social impact study was conducted in 1.6069 Hectares of land.
- Dispensation of compensation prior to land acquisition as per 2013, Act is the demand of the impacted stakeholders.
- The PWD (Bridges), Ernakulam Dept. shall be the Finance Authority and the Special Tahasildar (L.A) General, Thrissur shall be the Land Acquisition Officer.

2.4 Alternative routes considered

Alternative routes are not applicable in the case of the said project

2.5 The Project's construction progress

The construction of Kondazhy-Kuthampully Bridge & Approach Road Project has not started yet.

2.6 Work force requirements

In order that the project be completed successfully on the estimated time, it is imperative to ensure availability of the required diverse skilled manpower in the initial execution phase and work should eventually be finished as per schedule. For this purpose,

most modern equipment and expert engineers are necessarily essential. Therefore, once work has begun, it should go on uninterrupted until the project is completed. It is expected that the locals as well as outsiders will get work opportunities during the project execution phase.

2.7 Necessity of transportation related facilities

Kerala has a good transport chain, and have connected different means of transport- roadways, railways, airways and waterways efficiently. Kerala have transformed herself into one among the best commercial & tourist centre not only in India but around the globe. Most people depend on the roadways as it is cheaper and easier. But population growth and increase in vehicles accelerates traffic issues and accidents at an alarming rate. Current undeveloped roads and lack of alternate solution point to the requirement of this project implementation.

After effects of poor transportation related facilities

- Traffic issues
- Exploitation of non-renewable resources like Petrol, Diesel, other fuels
- Air/ water/ noise pollution
- Loss of time
- Difficulties to passengers
- Road accidents and deaths
- Difficulty to maintain punctuality of emergency services like Ambulance, Fire force etc.

2.8 Importance of public requirement of this project

Kondazhy-Kuthampully Bridge & Approach Road, Project for which land is acquired and social impact is assessed is required for providing basic facilities for Kerala's economic growth.

2.9 Environment impact assessment

As the Kondazhy-Kuthampully Bridge & Approach Road, meant for public utility, opens up new vistas in road transport development field, it has been expected to receive rather great acceptability than environmental impact.

- Should ensure eco friendly construction
- Should protect natural resources

- A committee should be formed to prevent any harm to the environment during and after construction

2.10 Previous studies

No previous studies have been conducted for Kondazhy-Kuthampully Bridge & Approach Road Project and the present study organized by the Youth Social Service Organisation can well be deemed as the first of its kind in this regard.

2.11 Acts and rules affecting the project

Acts & rules listed below affect Land acquisition, Transparency, Rehabilitation and Re-settlement related to Kondazhy-Kuthampully Bridge & Approach Road.

Sl. No.	Acts and Rules	Affected area
1.	The Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Re-settlement Act and Rules	Impact reduction
2.	Land Acquisition Acts & Rules Rehabilitation & Re-settlement act of the government Right to Information act 2005 Rights of Persons with Disabilities Act 2016	Land acquisition Rehabilitation and Re-settlement

Right to Information Act 2005

For the effective functioning of democratic processes in a nation, informed citizens are a prerequisite. The Right to Information Act 2005 is aimed to strengthen the democratic process by public participation through citizens' empowerment, ensuring transparency and responsibility in governance and prevent corruption. This is an act giving information regarding activities of government to the citizens.

Rights of Persons with Disabilities Act 2016

Rights of Persons with Disabilities Act 2016 came into being for socially and economically empowering persons with disabilities. On one hand it promotes equality and participation and the other hand it eradicates all discriminations.

CHAPTER - 3

UNIT, APPROACH AND RATIONALE OF THE STUDY

3.1 Background

As per G.O(P)No.DCTSR/3502/2018-E4 dated 22/02/2020 Youth Social Service Organization, Social Service Centre, College P.O, Kothamangalam is assigned to conduct Social Impact Assessment study on Kondazhy-Kuthampully Bridge & Approach Road Project. This study unit is responsible to assess social impacts of the project.

This study is being conducted to submit report of social impact of Kondazhy-Kuthampully Bridge & Approach Road Project on land to be acquired, public and private properties etc to District Collector. This study is conducted by collecting primary and secondary data from related individuals and institutions systematically. The affected people, families and institutions were approached directly and data were collected through a questionnaire.

3.2 Details of the study unit

The data collection for the social impact assessment study and their integration was done under Team Director of Youth Social Service Organization by a group of 6 experienced members. Services of experts from development and legal sector have been availed for the study and report preparation. And, revenue official helped to identify the affected areas.

Sl.No.	Name	Designation, Eligibility and Experience
1.	Jose Paruthuvayalil	MSW, Director, 22 years experience in SIA unit
2.	Kuriakose George	Project Coordinator, LLB, 15 years experience in development sector
3.	Baiju PT	Research Associate, MSW, 10 years experience in development sector
4.	Savitha Sajeesh	Research Associate, BA, 2 years experience in development sector
5.	Jinu Joseph	Research Associate, B.Com, ICW, 2 years experience in development sector
6.	Mini Jibish	Research Associate, BA, 2 years experience in development sector

3.3 Social Impact Assessment Study and preparation of implementing plan

Acquisition of land and properties affects social and economic sustainability, social impact study and properly planned rehabilitation programs should be done. Rehabilitation plans should establish livelihood programs of the affected people same as before the land acquisition. The study unit has conducted the preparations for the social impact assessment with these obligations as priority.

Figure 3.1 shows the approach and rationale of the study in a flowchart. And stages of the study are listed below.

Figure 3.1: Social Impact Assessment study design and method

Stage 1: Activities before study

Social Analysis and pilot meeting	Pilot survey and beginning of external works
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Detailed project analysis • Preparation of the project blueprint • RFCT in LARR Act 2013 • State laws on land acquisition 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pilot study • Preparation and checking of survey tools • Identifying the groups for data collection • Finalizing the pilot report

Stage 2: Data collection methods and implementation

The affected families/people/society	Facilities required for the project
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Training for the field staff • Data collection from the affected family members • Discussions with officials of concerned departments 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Analysis of legal rules and regulations • Analysis of rehabilitation programs with local officials • Data analysis • Draft of collected data, their analysis and impact assessment

Stage 3: Activities after survey and blueprint of the analysis

Tabulation of the collected data and blueprint of analysis	Concerns on the Social Impact Assessment Study
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Integration, categorization of data 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Organize public hearing • Meeting and discussions on study findings

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Finalization of the report • Analysis of the collected data • Preparation and submission of the draft report of the social impact assessment study 	<p>with affected people</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Analysis and opinions of concerned officials • Integration of the opinions and submission of final report
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3.4 Desk Research

Study Team examined the relevant documents, Reports, Project Plans etc. in details.

3.5 Secondary data

Secondary data was prepared from the studies conducted earlier and concerned departments. The study unit could realize the social economic and cultural circumstances of the affected people through the social impact assessment study.

3.6 The affected area visit and project awareness campaigns

Field visit and pilot study of socio economic survey was conducted before the detailed study of social impact assessment. Responses of the affected people were documented while conversing with them. The unit made adequate additions and corrections in the interview schedule.

As the area of the study and affected people were identified, primary data was collected from the concerned in February 2020, and the report was prepared by integrated analysis of the collected data.

Meeting with MLA



Meeting with President, Thiruvillwamala Panchayath



Meeting with President, Kondazhy Panchayath



3.7 Evaluation of circumstances

The data collected were analyzed and studied, and were modified as per new information was generated. The study unit has taken required measures before data collection to prevent errors.



3.8 SCHEDULE OF CONSULTATIONS WITH KEY STAKE HOLDERS

Table 3.1 contains the socio-economic impact on the parties who are to be compensated for giving up land for the Project.

TABLE 3.1: DETAILS OF PROPERTIES AFFECTED

Sl. No	Address of Person	Survey No.	Problems Raised/Demands
1.	Chandrasekharan R.	175/1	Losses of coconut trees (23) Peppervine (12) small mango tree (1) sap wood(1) Iron gate (1) wall, iron

	Vasantham House Kuthampully P.O Thrissur, PIN-680594	176/1	grill, GI sheet and a rock wall. Demanded fair compensation. Problems raised at the Public Hearing: Willing to surrender land and expressed his opinion that the project should be implemented at the earliest.
2.	Kanthaswamy Krishna Chettiyar Kuthampully P.O PIN-680594	175/1	Loss of coconut trees (12) aracanut trees (9) Teak wood (2) sap woods (7) Mango tree (1) 2-door-iron gate, concrete floor, concrete pillars (2) wall, GI sheet. Demanded fair compensation inclusive of the above and implementation of the project. Problems raised at the Public Hearing: Total loss of the rock wall that marks the boundaries on either side. Ready to surrender land and demanded the earliest implementation of the project.
3.	Bharathan C.R C.C. RamaswamiChettiyar Kuthampully P.O PIN-680594	175/1 176/1 32/1 32/3 32/4	Impacted area belongs to 5 Survey numbers and contains 10 coconut trees, 5 sap woods and 1 aracanut tree. Demanded fair compensation Problems raised at the Public Hearing: Willing to surrender land and expressed his opinion that the project should be implemented at the earliest.
4.	Kanthappan Anandhan K KarthikaThinkal House Koothampully P.O PIN-680594	27/2 29/1 35/3, 4,5	Area of 5 survey numbers. It has 12 Teakwood, 22 coconut tree and 1 Muttytree. Demanded fair compensation. The land has 3 owners; Anandhan, one of the owners, is managing the property. Problems raised at the Public Hearing: Willing to surrender land and expressed his opinion that the project should be implemented at the earliest.
5.	V.P. Vijyakumari Vadakkeparamel Mayannoor Kavuvattam	20/5	Loss of 11 coconut trees, 1 sap wood, 1 Teak wood and a rock-wall. Demanded fair compensation. Problems raised at the Public Hearing: Informed over telephone inability to attend the Public Hearing, as the landowner is in Mysore.
6.	V. Ramanarayanan S/O Lekshmikuttiamma Vadakkeparamel Mayannoor P.O	18/1	Impacted land contains 1 coconut tree, 3 Teak woods and 4 sap trees. Demanded fair compensation.

	Pin 679105 V.P Ramanarayanan and son V.P. Madhavan V.P. Ammini V.P. Vilasini V.P. Mohanan V.P. Shankarankutty		Problems raised at the Public Hearing: Willing to surrender land and expressed his opinion that the project should be implemented at the earliest.
7.	V.P. Madhavan S/O Lekshmikuttiamma Vadakkeparamel Mayannoor P.O PIN-679105	18/1	The land contains 6 sap woods. Demanded fair compensation. Problems raised at the Public Hearing: Willing to surrender land and expressed his opinion that the project should be implemented at the earliest.
8.	Sathiabhama Thottukattil house Mayannoor, Kavuvattom	18/1	The land has 8 coconut trees, 1 Teak wood and 1 sap wood. Demanded fair compensation. Problems raised at the Public Hearing: Willing to surrender land and expressed his opinion that the project should be implemented at the earliest.
9.	V.P. Vilasini Lekshmikuttiamma Vadakkeparamel Mayannoor P.O PIN-679105	18/1	Willing to surrender land on receipt of fair compensation. Problems raised at the Public Hearing: Willing to surrender land and expressed his opinion that the project should be implemented at the earliest.
10.	Velukkutty Nair (Late) Kamalam etc. Pallypetta	32/2	Informed by letter that he would fully agree to the decisions of the landowners concerned with the project.
11.	Mohanan and wife, Premalatha S/O Balakrishnan Nair	30/1 33/1	Landowner lives abroad. Informed by letter that he would fully agree to the decisions of the landowners concerned with the project.
12.	Kamalametc W/O Velukkutty Nair	30/1	Informed by letter that he would fully agree to the decisions of the landowners concerned with the project.
13.	Ramachandran Mangalathpadath	20/2	Impacted land has 4 Teak woods, 4 sap woods etc. Willing to surrender land after receiving

	Mayannoor P.O PIN-679105		compensation. Problems raised at the Public Hearing: Willing to surrender land and expressed his opinion that the project should be implemented at the earliest.
14.	Karthiayani Mangalathupadathu Mayannoor P.O PIN-679105	20/1 20/2	The land has 4 coconut trees, 4 teak wood, 1 mango tree, 1 jack tree, 2 sap trees, 4 bamboos and a tank. Ready to surrender land on fair compensation. Problems raised at the Public Hearing: Willing to surrender land and expressed his opinion that the project should be implemented at the earliest.
15.	V.P Narayanan Prasanthu Kulaunnathu Mayannoor P.O PIN- 679105	18/1	Land contains 1 coconut tree, 3 teak woods, 2 sap woods. Ready to surrender land on fair compensation. He did not attend the public hearing
16.	Sivanandan Kalidas Vilas Kuthampully Thiruvillwamala	175/1	25 rubber trees and 3 coconut trees are situated in the project site. Willing to sell land at optimum price. Problems raised at the Public Hearing: Willing to surrender land and expressed his opinion that the project should be implemented at the earliest.
17.	Thankamany W/O Thankavelu Kuzhivaram, Kuthampully	26/3 27/1	Lands of 2 survey numbers. One is a freewill title land gifted to son Sivakumar. The area contains 5 Jack tree, 80 aracanut trees, 37 coconut trees, 9 mango trees, 9 mutty trees, 2 Teak Tree, 2 cashew tree and 4 pepper plants 3 Cara Tree. Cultivating for 40 years. Willing to surrender land at fair price. Problems raised at the Public Hearing: Demanded transfer and re-building of the rock-built motor-shed. Willing to surrender land and expressed his opinion that the project should be executed as fast as possible
18.	Padmakumar (Gopalam) Madathil Garden 2 Street, Puthoorkara AintholPin-680003 <u>Communication Address:</u>	32/5 32/6	Project site contains 2 coconut trees and 2 sap woods. Ready to sell land at fair price. Problems raised at the Public Hearing: Willing to surrender land and expressed his opinion that the project should be implemented at the earliest.

Pallipetta Kuthampully P.O Thiruvillwamala PIN-680694		
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Left – Over Govt. Lands

1.	Hotel Sreejith Indira M. Manniamkadu house Mayannoor P.O	Building No. 4/252	800 Sq.meter building. Residence, Restaurant and store room. Running the shop for 30 years. Not Received Title Deed.
2.	Rajesh S/O Chami Ezhuchachan	4/251	Total loss of a sheet-thatched, shuttered small room. Shut down for 3 years. Problems raised at the Public Hearing: Landowner was unable to attend the Public Hearing as he was hospitalized. My shop is at the canal government land on the Mayannoor Kavu area being acquired by the government for the constructed the building at a cost of Rs. 1 ½ lakhs. I am an elderly person with chronic illnesses. He demanded fair compensation by letter.
3.	Chandran Kondazhy Pallathu Kondazhy P.O.	4/253	Total loss of a sheet-thatched single room. He did not attend the public hearing

0.0037 Hectare land belonging to Survey number 6/1. It is a Title Deed stretch of land lying alongside the canal road and it has been used till date as a public path. Investigation revealed no owners.

3.9 SUMMARY OF PUBLIC HEARING

A Public Hearing of the landowners involved in the land acquisition for the construction of the Kondazhy-Kuthampully Bridge and Approach Road, in the areas belonging to Kondazhy and Kaniarcode Villages in Thalapilly Taluk, Thrissur District, was conducted in the presence of the authorities at 11.00a.m on 8th June, 2020 at the Thiruvillwamala Panchayat Hall. The whole proceeding has been video graphed.

PARTICIPATED OFFICIALS

Sri. M.R Mani, Thiruvillamala Panchayath President

Sri. Santhosh Kumar M.K, Assistant Executive Engineer, PWD Bridges, Thrissur

Smt. Bindhu K.P, Executive Engineer, PWD

Smt. Nitha C.S, Overseer, PWD Bridges, Thrissur

Sri. Manoj K.M, Standing Committee, Thiruvillwamala Panchayath

Sri. Lalu K.S, Deputy Thasildhar, (LA) General, Thrissur

Sri. Suresh Kumar, Special Thahsildhar (LA) General, Thrissur

Sri. Vinodkumar, Clerk, (LA) General, Thrissur

Smt. Sulekha, Kondazhy Panchayath President

Smt. Sathyabhama P.K, Member, Kondazhy Panchayath

Fr. Jose, YSSO

Smt. Savitha Sajeesh, YSSO

Sri. Yedhu Krishnan, YSSO

Sri. Kishor, YSSO

MAJOR ISSUES RAISED BEFORE AUTHORITIES

The affected parties who participated at the Public hearing presented their problems.

- Related to valuation
- Related to special benefits for those in the government lands.

REPLIES OF THE AUTHORITIES

Special Thasildahar (LA), General Thrissur

Be informed that actions as per Sections 26 for the evaluation of the lands being acquired would be taken only after publication of the notification in the Gazette as per 11 (1) of RECTLARR Act, 2013 related to Kondazhy-Kuthampully Bridge and Approach Road. It is also advised that, in the case of the tenants residing at the government lands, only those persons living or doing businesses for 3 years prior to the date of publication of the Notification-4(1), would be granted compensation. Such clients would be paid Rs-5000/- each for 6 months, as well as prices for their buildings/yields as per the rate assessed by appraising institutions.

Assistant Executive Engineer, P.W.D

Kondazhy-Kuthampully Bridge has 5 spans of 32 meter each. It has a box-culvert of 7 meters and a 3.6 meter approach-slab on either side. The full length of the bridge is 195.8 meter (5x32m) + (2x1.020m) + (2x7) m+12.5. In addition, the bridge has a carriage-way of 7.5 meter and bridge has a footpath of 1.5 meter on either side. Total width is 11.5 meter. Its foundation-design is pile-foundation. The length of the Approach Road is 740 meter and width is 15 meter on the Kuthampully side, and 300 meter long and 15-meter wide on Kondazhy side.

The Representatives of Thiruvillwamala and Kondazhy Panchayat, who participated at the meeting, welcomed the project and wanted its implementation at the earliest. Also, the President of Kondazhy Panchayat proposed to grant fair compensation for those living in the government lands within the Panchayat.

The public hearing was concluded with a vote of thanks.

PHOTOS OF PUBLIC HEARING



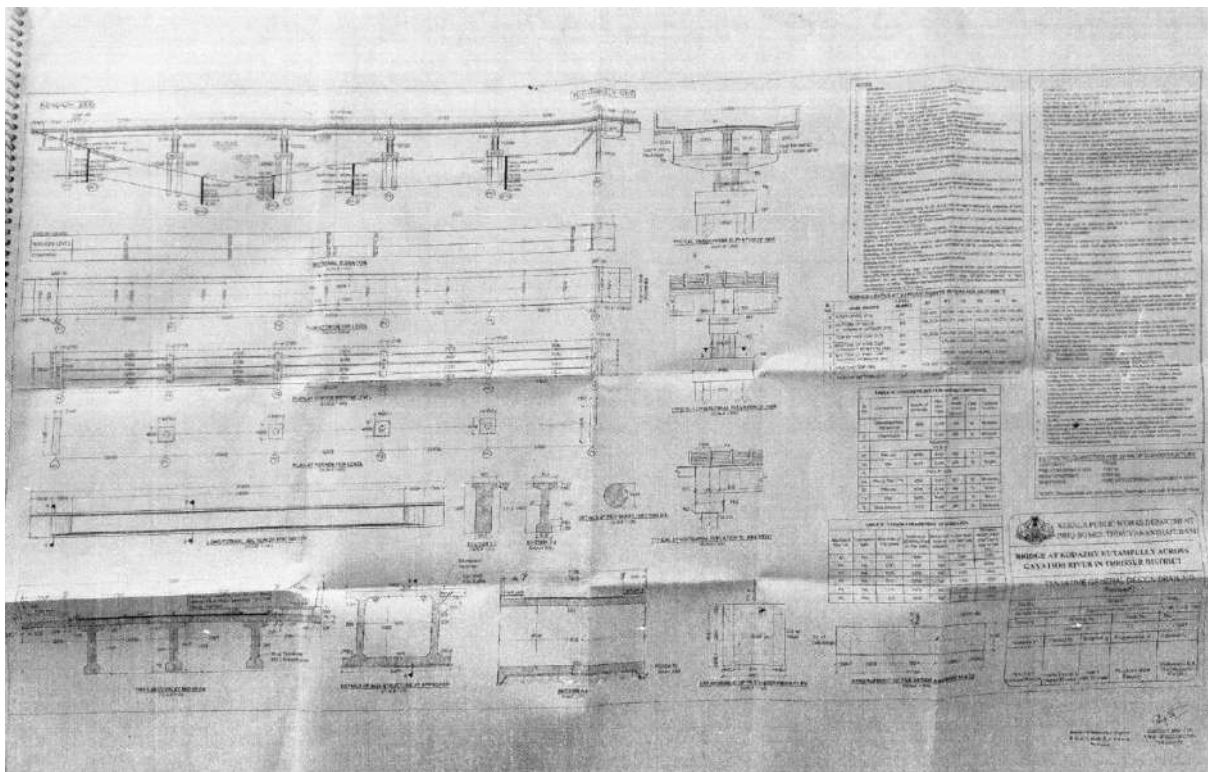
CHAPTER 4

EVALUATION OF THE LAND

4.1 Introduction

For acquiring land for Kondazhy-Kuthampully Bridge & Approach Road Project, details of people losing land, the affected people, their socio economic information were collected through interview schedule prepared for it in 2020 February. Details regarding the affected properties, their type, ownership, impacts on private properties, income and livelihood of people, and depth of impact due to project were collected. The effects of land acquisition for Kondazhy-Kuthampully Bridge & Approach Road Project is depicted below with the help of survey.

Land Inventories (Map of Site)



4.2 Total impact due to influence of the project

Table 4.1 includes socio economic impact of people who donates their land and need compensation

Sl. No	Address of Person	Survey No.	Problems Raised/Demands
1.	Chandrasekharan R. Vasantham House Kuthampully P.O Thrissur, PIN-680594	175/1 176/1	Losses of coconut trees (23) Peppervine (12) small mango tree (1) sap wood (1) Iron gate (1) wall, iron grill, GI sheet and a rock wall. Demanded fair compensation. Problems raised at the Public Hearing: Willing to surrender land and expressed his opinion that the project should be implemented at the earliest.
2.	Kanthaswamy Krishna Chettiyar Kuthampully P.O PIN-680594	175/1	Loss of coconut trees (12) aracanut trees (9) Teak wood (2) sap woods (7) Mango tree (1) 2-door-iron gate, concrete floor, concrete pillars (2) wall, GI sheet. Demanded fair compensation inclusive of the above and implementation of the project. Problems raised at the Public Hearing: Total loss of the rock wall that marks the boundaries on either side. Ready to surrender land and demanded the earliest implementation of the project.
3.	Bharathan C.R C.C. Ramaswami Chettiyar Kuthampully P.O PIN-680594	175/1 176/1 32/1 32/3 32/4	Impacted area belongs to 5 Survey numbers and contains 10 coconut trees, 5 sap woods and 1 aracanut tree. Demanded fair compensation Problems raised at the Public Hearing: Willing to surrender land and expressed his opinion that the project should be implemented at the earliest.
4.	Kanthappan Anandhan K KarthikaThinkal House Koothampully P.O PIN-680594	27/2 29/1 35/3, 4,5	Area of 5 survey numbers. It has 12 Teakwood, 22 coconut tree and 1 Muttytree. Demanded fair compensation. The land has 3 owners; Anandhan, one of the owners, is managing the property. Problems raised at the Public Hearing: Willing to surrender land and expressed his opinion that the project should be implemented at the earliest.

5.	V.P. Vijyakumari Vadakkeparamel Mayannoor Kavuvattam	20/5	Loss of 11 coconut trees, 1 sap wood, 1 Teak wood and a rock-wall. Demanded fair compensation. Problems raised at the Public Hearing: Informed over telephone inability to attend the Public Hearing, as the landowner is in Mysore.
6.	V. Ramanarayanan S/O Lekshmikuttiamma Vadakkeparamel Mayannoor P.O Pin 679105 V.P Ramanarayanan and son V.P. Madhavan V.P. Ammini V.P. Vilasini V.P. Mohanan V.P. Shankarankutty	18/1	Impacted land contains 1 coconut tree, 3 Teak woods and 4 sap trees. Demanded fair compensation. Problems raised at the Public Hearing: Willing to surrender land and expressed his opinion that the project should be implemented at the earliest.
7.	V.P. Madhavan S/O Lekshmikuttiamma Vadakkeparamel Mayannoor P.O PIN-679105	18/1	The land contains 6 sap woods. Demanded fair compensation. Problems raised at the Public Hearing: Willing to surrender land and expressed his opinion that the project should be implemented at the earliest.
8.	Sathiabhama Thottukattil house Mayannoor, Kavuvattom	18/1	The land has 8 coconut trees, 1 Teak wood and 1 sap wood. Demanded fair compensation. Problems raised at the Public Hearing: Willing to surrender land and expressed his opinion that the project should be implemented at the earliest.
9.	V.P. Vilasini Lekshmikuttiamma Vadakkeparamel Mayannoor P.O PIN-679105	18/1	Willing to surrender land on receipt of fair compensation. Problems raised at the Public Hearing: Willing to surrender land and expressed his opinion that the project should be implemented at the earliest.
10.	Velukkutty Nair (Late) Kamalam etc. Pallypetta	32/2	Informed by letter that he would fully agree to the decisions of the landowners concerned with the project.

11.	Mohanan and wife, Premalatha S/O Balakrishnan Nair	30/1 33/1	Landowner lives abroad. Informed by letter that he would fully agree to the decisions of the landowners concerned with the project.
12.	Kamalametc W/O Velukkutty Nair	30/1	Informed by letter that he would fully agree to the decisions of the landowners concerned with the project.
13.	Ramachandran Mangalathpadath Mayannoor P.O PIN-679105	20/2	Impacted land has 4 Teak woods, 4 sap woods etc. Willing to surrender land after receiving compensation. Problems raised at the Public Hearing: Willing to surrender land and expressed his opinion that the project should be implemented at the earliest.
14.	Karthiyani Mangalathupadathu Mayannoor P.O PIN-679105	20/1 20/2	The land has 4 coconut trees, 4 teak wood, 1 mango tree, 1 jack tree, 2 sap trees, 4 bamboos and a tank. Ready to surrender land on fair compensation. Problems raised at the Public Hearing: Willing to surrender land and expressed his opinion that the project should be implemented at the earliest.
15.	V.P Narayanan Prasanthu Kulaunnathu Mayannoor P.O PIN- 679105	18/1	Land contains 1 coconut tree, 3 teak woods, 2 sap woods. Ready to surrender land on fair compensation. He did not attend the public hearing
16.	Sivanandan Kalidas Vilas Kuthampully Thiruvillwamala	175/1	25 rubber trees and 3 coconut trees are situated in the project site. Willing to sell land at optimum price. Problems raised at the Public Hearing: Willing to surrender land and expressed his opinion that the project should be implemented at the earliest.
17.	Thankamany W/O Thankavelu Kuzhivaram, Kuthampully	26/3 27/1	Lands of 2 survey numbers. One is a freewill title land gifted to son Sivakumar. The area contains 5 Jack tree, 80 aracanut trees, 37 coconut trees, 9 mango trees, 9 mutty trees, 2 Teak Tree, 2 cashew tree and 4 pepper plants 3 Cara Tree. Cultivating for 40 years. Willing to surrender land at fair price. Problems raised at the Public Hearing: Demanded transfer and re-building of the rock-built

			motor-shed. Willing to surrender land and expressed his opinion that the project should be executed as fast as possible
18.	Padmakumar (Gopalam) Madathil Garden 2 Street, Puthoorkara AintholPin-680003 <u>Communication Address:</u> Pallipetta Kuthampully P.O Thiruvillwamala PIN-680694	32/5 32/6	Project site contains 2 coconut trees and 2 sap woods. Ready to sell land at fair price. Problems raised at the Public Hearing: Willing to surrender land and expressed his opinion that the project should be implemented at the earliest.

Left – Over Govt. Lands

1.	Hotel Sreejith Indira M. Manniamkadu house Mayannoor P.O	Building No. 4/252	800 Sq. meter building. Residence, Restaurant and store room. Running the shop for 30 years. Not Received Title Deed.
2.	Rajesh S/O Chami Ezhuchachan	4/251	Total loss of a sheet-thatched, shuttered small room. Shut down for 3 years. Problems raised at the Public Hearing: Landowner was unable to attend the Public Hearing as he was hospitalized. My shop is at the canal government land on the Mayannoor Kavu area being acquired by the government for the constructed the building at a cost of Rs. 1 ½ lakhs. I am an elderly person with chronic illnesses. He demanded fair compensation by letter.
3.	Chandran Kondazhy Pallathu Kondazhy P.O.	4/253	Total loss of a sheet-thatched single room. He did not attend the public hearing

0.0037 Hectare land belonging to Survey Number 6/1. It is a Title Deed stretch of land lying alongside the canal road and it has been used till date as a public path. Investigation revealed no owners.

4.3 LAND REQUIRED FOR THE PROJECT

The project site is located at Kondazhy and Kaniyarkode villages in Thalappilly Taluk, Thrissur District and the area required to be acquired is 1.6069 Hectare. This land contains yielding trees and a stretch of land belonging to Cheerakuzhy Irrigation project, which houses an 800 square-feet residential building with a Restaurant, sheet-thatched small room and a store-room. Another stretch of 0.0037 Hectare land belonging to Survey No 6/1, lying alongside the canal road has been a public path, though it is a Title Deed property. However, it has no claimants till date thorough investigation.

4.4 Acquisition of affected land

The project site is located at Kondazhy and Kaniyarkode villages in Thalappilly Taluk, Thrissur District and the area required to be acquired is 1.6069 Hectare. This land contains yielding trees and a stretch of land belonging to Cheerakuzhy Irrigation project, which houses an 800 square-feet residential building with a Restaurant, sheet-thatched small room and a store-room. Another stretch of 0.0037 Hectare land belonging to Survey No 6/1, lying alongside the canal road has been a public path, though it is a Title Deed property. However, it has no claimants till date thorough investigation.

Sl. No.	VILLAGE	RE.Survey No./Subdivision	Description	Extent	
1	Kondazhy	6/1	Land	0.0037	
2	Kondazhy	18/1	Land	0.0037	
3	Kondazhy	18-/4	Land	0.0398	
4	Kondazhy	18/5	Land	0.0011	
5	Kondazhy	20/1	Land	0.1186	
6	Kondazhy	20/2	Land	0.0337	
7	Kondazhy	20/5	Land	0.1285	
8	Kaniyarkode	26/3	Property	0.1697	
9	Kaniyarkode	27/1	Property	0.0340	

10	Kaniyarkode	27/2	Property	0.0998	
11	Kaniyarkode	29/1	Farm Field	0.0888	
12	Kaniyarkode	30/1	Farm Field	0.1130	
13	Kaniyarkode	31/4	Property	0.0200	
14	Kaniyarkode	32/2	Property	0.0249	
15	Kaniyarkode	32/4	Property	0.0346	
16	Kaniyarkode	32/5	Property	0.0065	
17	Kaniyarkode	32/6	Property	0.0230	
18	Kaniyarkode	33/1	Farm Field	0.0115	
19	Kaniyarkode	35/3	Property	0.0560	
20	Kaniyarkode	35/4	Property	0.0280	
21	Kaniyarkode	35/5	Property	0.0730	
22	Kaniyarkode	175	Property	0.1930	
23	Kaniyarkode	176/1	Property	0.2390	
	Total				1.6069

4.5 Requirement of Public Land

Public property is involved in the land related to the construction of Kondazhy-Kuthampully Bridge and Approach road. The 800-square meter area belonging to Cheevakkuzhy Irrigation Dept has a residential building housing a hotel, a sheet-roofed small room, a store-room etc.

4.6 Land purchased for the project

No land is purchased for the project yet. Formalities for purchasing land will begin only after social impact assessment study.

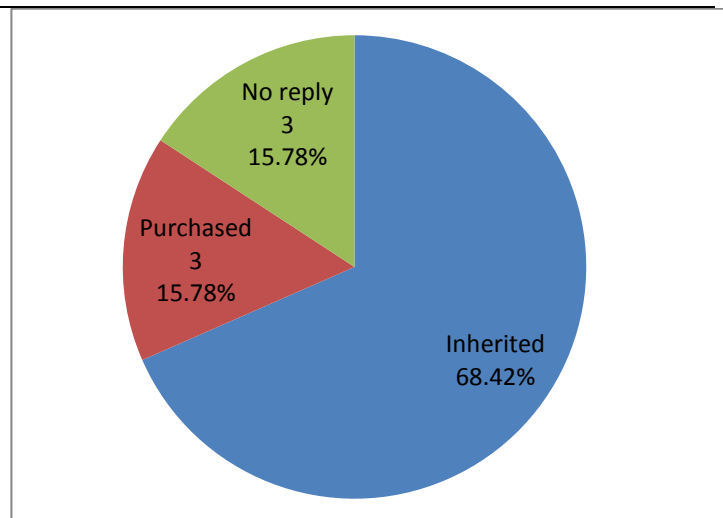
4.7 Geography, current purpose, and landforms

The project site is located at Kondazhy and Kaniyarkode Villages in Thalappilly Taluk, Thrissur District and the area required to be acquired is 1.6069 Hectare. This land contains yielding trees and a stretch of land belonging to Cheerakuzhy. Irrigation project, which houses an 800 square-feet residential building with a Restaurant, sheet-thatched

small room and a store-room. Another stretch of 0.0037 Hectare land belonging to Survey No 6/1, lying alongside the canal road has been a public path, though it is a Title Deed property. However, it has no claimants till date through investigation.

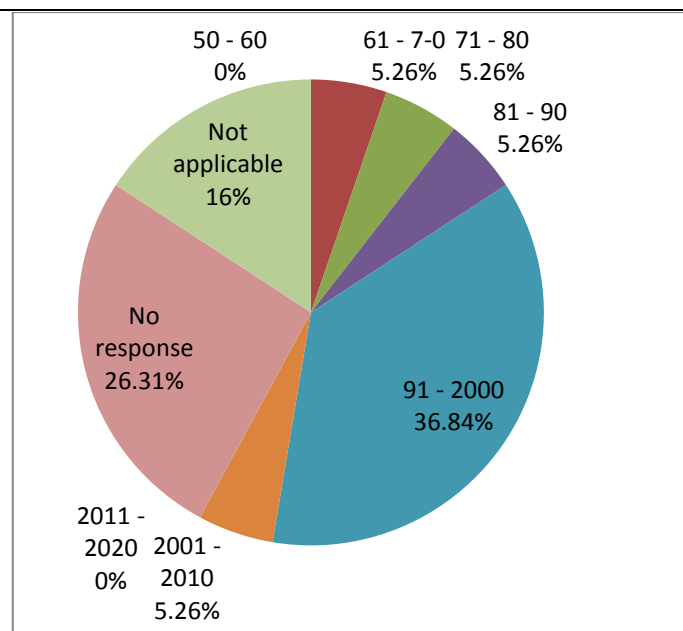
4.8 Nature of ownership

Type	No.	Percentage
Inherited	13	68.42
Purchased	3	15.78
No reply	3	15.78
Total	19	100



4.9 Ownership period of land

Year	Number	Percentage
50 - 60	0	0
61 - 70	1	5.26
71 - 80	1	5.26
81 - 90	1	5.26
91 - 2000	7	36.84
2001 - 2010	1	5.26
2011 - 2020	0	0
No response	5	26.31
Not applicable	3	15.78
Total	19	100



4.10 Previous Transactions in project area

As per information obtained from reliable sources, it has been learnt that no land transaction of any sort has taken place in the project area at all for the last three years.

(The above mentioned information is provided by the concerned parties during data collection. Documents proving these should be checked.)

CHAPTER 5

NO. OF FAMILIES AFFECTED AND DETAILS OF LOSS OF LAND

5.1 Introduction

This chapter deals with the amount the impact and the assessment of the loss of properties that the families have to suffer directly or indirectly due to the implementation of the project.

5.2 People affected directly by the project

The project site is located at Kondazhy and Kaniyarkode villages in Thalappilly Taluk, Thrissur District and the area required to be acquired is 1.6069 Hectare. This land contains yielding trees and a stretch of land belonging to Cheerakuzhy Irrigation project, which houses an 800 square-feet residential building with a Restaurant, sheet-thatched small room and a store-room. Another stretch of 0.0037 Hectare land belonging to Survey No 6/1, lying alongside the canal road has been a public path, though it is a Title Deed property. However, it has no claimants till date thorough investigation.

5.3 People affected indirectly by the project

Those who are living or working in the Project area, but are not directly affected by land take-over, are considered to be the indirectly impacted persons. Thus those living and working in the 800 square Meter building in Cheerakuzhy Irrigation area, have been taken into the category of the indirectly impacted.

5.4 Families of scheduled tribe and forest dwellers who lose right on forest

No, such family has been involved in the land acquisition for the proposed project.

5.5 Did the families depend on this land for livelihood in past 3 years?

Yes, it is learnt that a restaurant has been working for 30 years in a government land in the project area. They are losing livelihood. Thus this acquisition affects source of income of people.

5.6 Was the land availed through any welfare programs of state-centre governments?

No, the land in question is not owned by a family as part of any govt. welfare scheme.

5.7 Were the affected families, inhabitants of city for 3 years or more?

No, the land to be undertaken is not owned by families who had lived in the city 3 years ago.

5.8 Are the affected families depending on public land after acquirement?

No, such family as cited above is not involved in similar situation.

5.9 Inventory of productive assets

It is learnt that landlords are losing their plants and trees such as teak, mango, aracanut, pepper, coconut and other trees.

CHAPTER 6

SOCIO ECONOMIC BLUEPRINT

6.1 Background

This chapter includes socio economic cultural details of affected families and the situation of these factors. Demographic details, situation, livelihood affected families and additional information of the affected people are also enlisted.

6.2 Family Details

Table 6.2.1 Family income

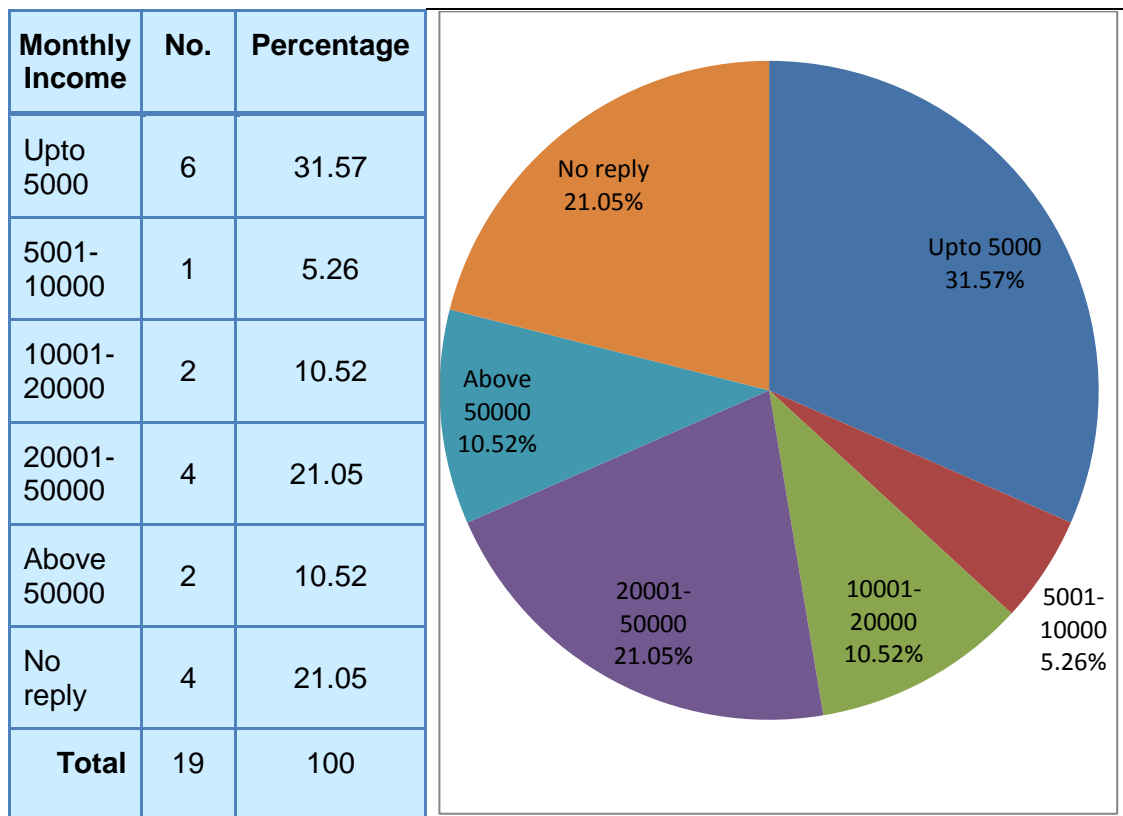


Table 6.2.2 Age wise categorization

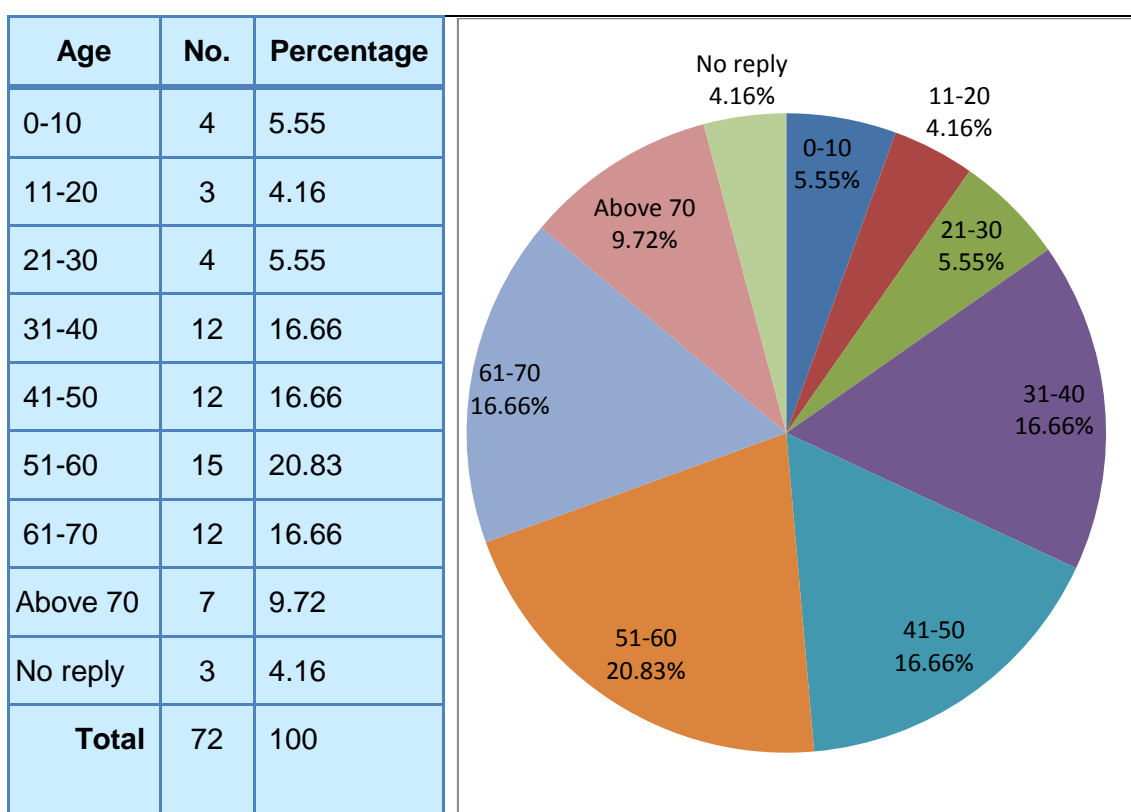


Table 6.2.3 Married/Unmarried/Widows

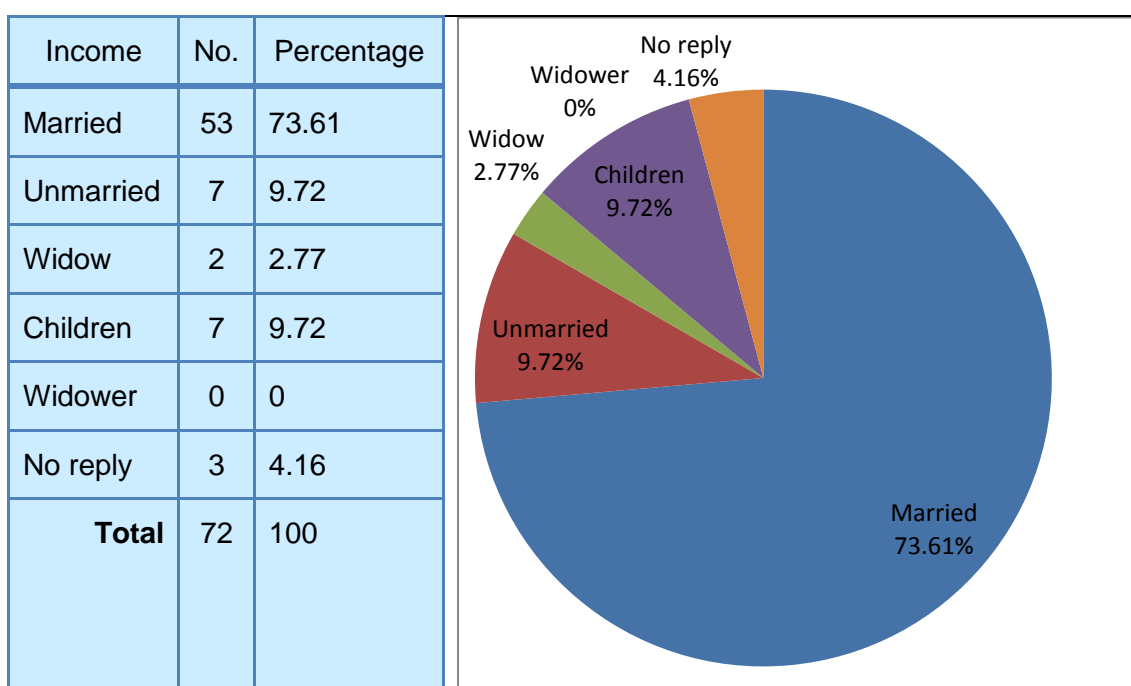


Table 6.2.4 Education of the affected

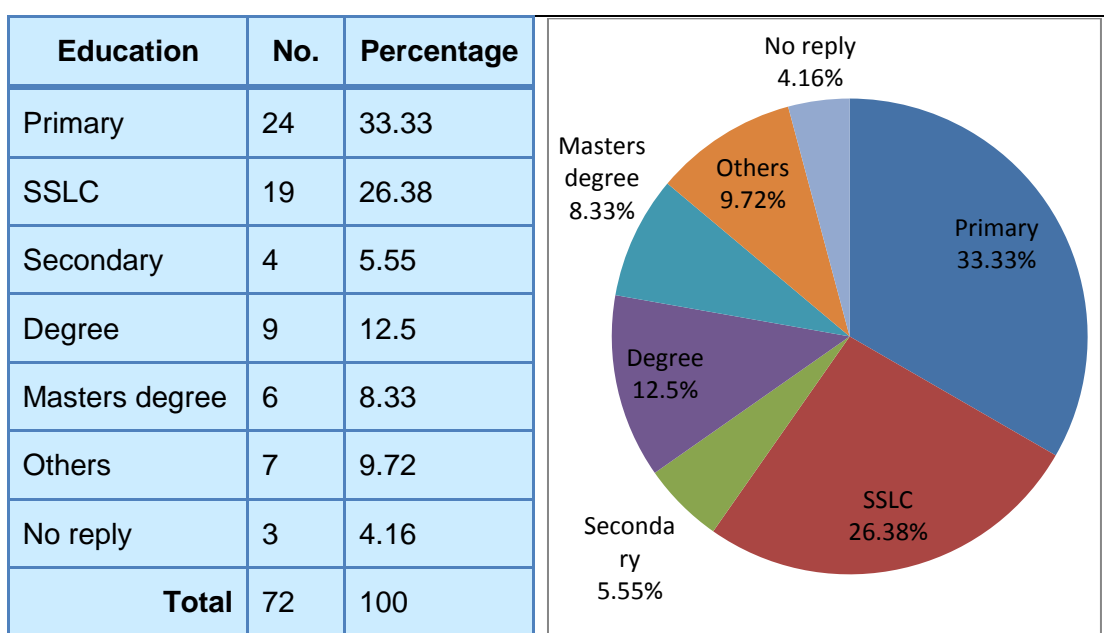


Table 6.2.5 Employment related data of the affected

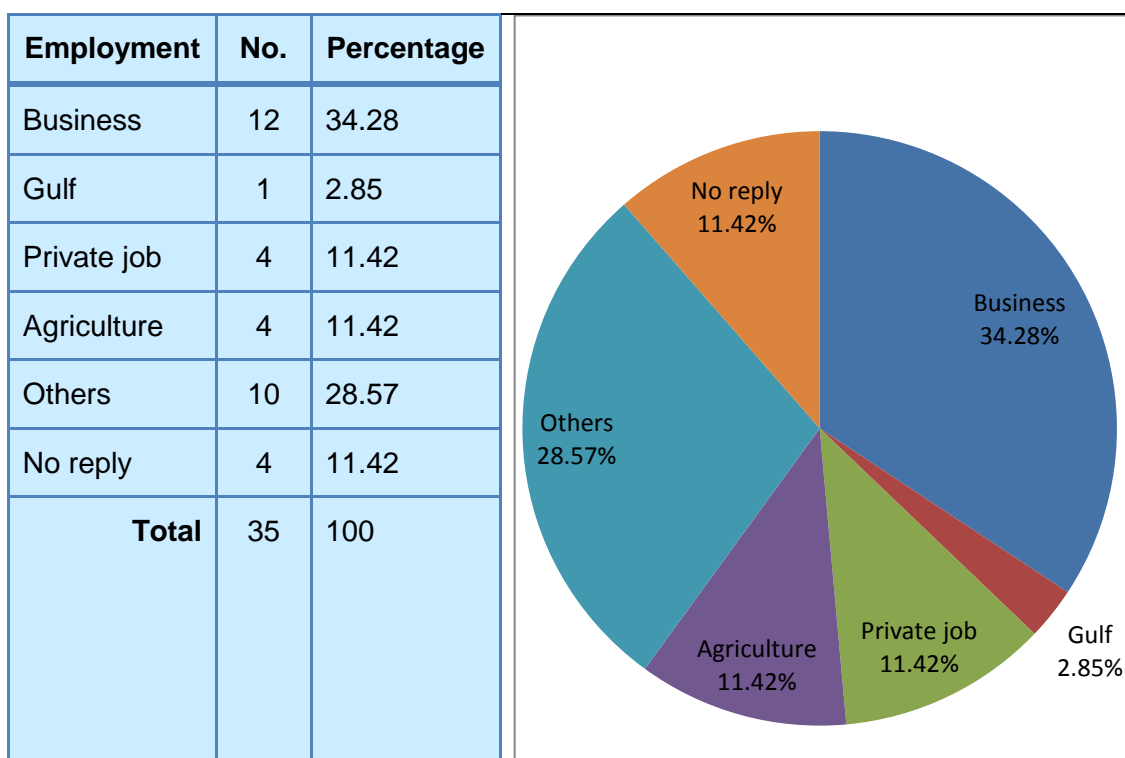
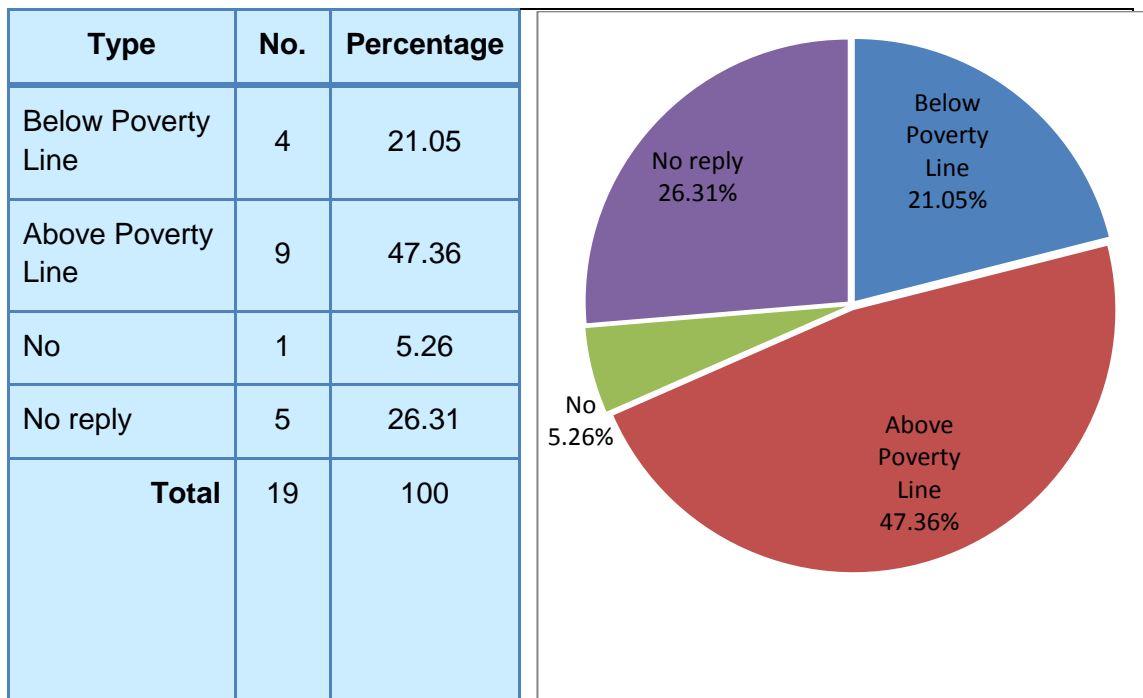


Table 6.2.6 Category of ration card



6.3 Religion

The impacted families belong to the Hindu religion.

(All the above information has been recorded as they are provided by the stakeholders concerned; relevant documents in support thereof, are to be referred to, for authenticity).

CHAPTER 7

REDUCTION OF SOCIAL IMPACT

7.1 Approach to reduce impact

The affected individuals are demanding compensation amount and job for family members in order to reduce the impact of land acquisition. Hence, in order to reduce the impact, compensation of land acquisition needs to be decided through discussions with the affected families and distribute them before land acquisition.

The affected families should be made aware of the benefits of Kondazhy-Kuthampully Bridge & Approach Road Project, and take necessary steps to provide them the advantages of the project.

7.2 Measures to eradicate impact or loss

The compensation should be decided and distributed as per 'The Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Re-settlement Act, 2013 (RFCTLARR Act 2013) in a timely manner.

7.3 Compensation for trees and other properties

An adequate compensationshould be provided for trees and other properties in the land.

7.4 Measures to fulfill the project suggestions

A special budget needs to be identified for distribution of compensation.

7.5 IMPACT MITIGATION STEPS

SI No.	Loss	Approach	Feasible Mitigation Steps
1.	Loss of Farmland and income	Compensation	Fair compensation
2.	Loss of Trees	Compensation and Restriction	Adequate compensation and arrangement to plant equal number of trees in Private or Govt. Lands.

3.	Loss of Cash crops	Compensation	Adequate compensation
4.	Noise, air and water pollution and dust problem	Control	Include mitigation steps in the plan.
5.	Delay in the distribution of compensation for land acquisition	Proper Supervision and control	Pay compensation before the take-over of land
6.	Involve the impacted in the acquisition process	Control	Ensure participation of the impacted in the implementation process
7.	Grievance Redressal	Control	Formation of active Grievance Redressal committees at Panchayat And District levels

CHAPTER 8

SOCIAL IMPACT MANAGEMENT

8.1 Institutional systems and responsible persons

Administrator appointed by government as per RFCTLARR Act 2013 will be responsible for developing reestablishment scheme for affected families. Under the supervision and guidance of government and Commissioner of Rehabilitation and Re-settlement Administrator of Rehabilitation and Re-settlement will be responsible for the formulation, implementation and monitoring of scheme for Rehabilitation and Re-settlement.

Provision of adequate compensation to the affected, as per RFCTLARR Act 2013, will not reduce impact.

As per the laws of state government, the district level committee on adequate compensation, Rehabilitation and Re-settlement should include following persons.

- District Collector
- Administrator of Rehabilitation and Re-settlement
- Land acquisition officer
- Finance officials
- Representatives of Arthana officials for taking financial decisions
- Representatives of Local Self Government

CHAPTER 9

SOCIAL IMPACT ERADICATION BUDGET

9.1 Expenditure for Rehabilitation and Re-settlement

The expenditure for Rehabilitation and Re-settlement is not calculated.

9.2 Annual budget and planning

Not applicable

9.3 Categorization of financial source

Financial source of the affected area is not categorized.

CHAPTER 10

SOCIAL IMPACT ERADICATION PROGRAM- MONITORING & EVALUATION

10.1 Monitoring & Evaluation – important indicators

- Participation of land owners in district level purchasing committee
- Land was purchased directly from how many land owners
- Indicators used to calculate compensation
- Reestablishment of blocked entrances
- Formation of grievance redressal committee
- Time required for Rehabilitation and Re-settlement

10.2 Method of reporting, monitoring and responsibilities

Not applicable

10.3 Independent evaluation- model

Not applicable

CHAPTER 11

MERITS AND DEMERITS, ANALYSIS AND PROPOSAL REGARDING ACQUISITION

11.1 CONCLUSION AND APPRAISAL OF POPULAR GOALS

The lands required to be acquired for the Kondazhy-Kuthampully Bridge and Approach Road are 1.6069 Hectares, belonging to Kondazhy and Kaniyarkode villages in Thalappilly Taluk, Thrissur District.

The Kondazhy-Kuthampully Bridge and Approach Road Project that links the Thiruvillwamala and Kondazhy Panchayats is enormously advantageous to the region. The proposed project is the sole solution to the problem faced by Passengers and pedestrians, the inabilities of the people to reach hospitals, educational institutions or worship-centers in time or the difficulties at emergency in providing timely services of ambulances and Fire and Rescue forces.

The completion of the Kondazhy-Kuthampully Bridge & Approach Road Project is expected to extend great support to the region's tourism, agriculture and small scale industries to contribute immensely to the economic growth of the surrounding villages and to open up employment opportunities for the local people. Public opinion and social impact assessment study reveal clearly that the realization of the project is inevitable to facilitate travel to the neighboring places in shorter periods of time.

The stretches of land to be undertaken for the proposed project are private properties and land acquisition steps can be initiated by paying compensation as per the Act of 2013. The vehicular travelers and the local commuters who have been facing manifold difficulties in their day to day life in the absence of a bridge that this, indeed, is the true developmental project of the region. And they are ready to surrender their properties whole-heartedly for the construction of the project on receipt of the customary fair compensation.

11.2 The nature and severity of the impact

This land contains yielding trees and a stretch of land belonging to Cheerakuzhy Irrigation project, which houses an 800 square-foot residential building with a Restaurant, sheet-thatched small room and a store-room. Another stretch of 0.0037 Hectare land

belonging to Survey No 6/1, lying alongside the canal road has been a public path, though it is a Title Deed property. However, it has no claimants till date thorough investigation.

The project will pave the way for diverse social achievements such as saving in traveling time and drastic reduction in road accidents due to traffic congestion. The project being a public developmental activity, people are bound to surrender lands or to face various adverse circumstances. It is a natural consequence of any public undertaking. However, the Rights Act-2013 is one of the compensatory mechanisms in place to protect the interests of such citizens as have to bear the brunt of the impact imposed by land acquisition. Article 4 of this Act stipulates that public interests and social impact shall be assessed as and where land is undertaken in India.

SUGGESTIONS

Compensation should be given to owners by considering the benefits to public above project expenditure

CONCLUSION

As for the transportation in the villages and travel difficulties of the islanders, the Kondazhy-Kuthampully Bridge & Approach Road Project is a milestone. Proposed project requires 1.6069 Hectare land. This study is instrumental in granting fair compensatory rewards to the impacted as per the RFCTLARR Act of 2013.

It is a common factor that for the implementation of a project several people have to surrender their properties. The land to be acquired for the project includes property belonging to Cheerakkuzhi Irrigation Department, which is 800 Sq. Mtr. Land which contained residential building and a restaurant. Yielding trees owned by private land owners are also impacted by the project. However the project is highly beneficial for the people. It not only shortens distance, but reduces travel time as well.

It is essential for the native people to receive solarium as per The Right to Compensation act of 2013. To facilitate the implementation of this purpose, the study team has quantified the impact in the project area and mitigation steps have been included in its report.

In a nutshell, the implementation of the project in view of its vantage point, land acquisition is inevitable. In terms of compensating for the loss of lands and properties, the Right to Compensation Act of 2013 provides adequate provisions to the fullest extent.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

This SIA Study project would not have completed without the help of different people and organisations. First of all we are grateful to the Revenue Department for entrusting this project to Youth Social Service Organisation. We also remember and acknowledge our gratitude to Thrissur District Collector and all the staff members for their timely guidance to complete this project successfully.

We also acknowledge our gratitude to Special Tahasildar L.A. General and all the staff members for helping us to collect all the details of land acquisition. We remember PWD (Bridges), Ernakulam and all the staff members for their service to complete this project.

We Thank Kondazhi and Thiruvillwamala Panchayat Presidents staff members, staff members of Kondazhi and Kaniyarkode villages and all the people of project area for their help and co-operation.

We also gratefully remember the Executive Director of Youth Social Service Organisation for being the backbone of this project and guiding us in every step. If we could not have received any support from all these persons, we would not have completed this project successfully.

ANNEXURES

Annexure 1 (a) Gazette Notification

കേരള സർക്കാർ
Government of Kerala
2020



Regn.No. KERBIL/2012/45073
dated 05-09-2012 with RNI
Reg No.KI/TV(N)/634/2018-20

കേരള ഗസറ്റ്
KERALA GAZETTE
അസാധാരണം
EXTRAORDINARY

ആധികാരികമായി പ്രസിദ്ധപ്പെടുത്തുന്നത്
PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

വാല്യം 9 Vol. IX	തിരുവനന്തപുരം, ബുധൻ	2020 മാർച്ച് 04 04th March 2020	നമ്പർ No. } 753
	Thiruvananthapuram, Wednesday	1195 കുംഭം 20 20th Kumbham 1195 1941 ഫാൽഗുനം 14 14th Phalguna 1941	

ഫോറം നമ്പർ 4
(ചട്ടം 11(3) കാണുക
വിജ്ഞാപനം

DCTSR/3502/2018-E4

തീയതി: 22/02/2020

കേരള സർക്കാർ 09.12.2015ലെ 2753-ാം നമ്പർ കേരള അസാധാരണ ഗസറ്റിൽ പരസ്യപ്പെടുത്തിയ 04.12.2015ലെ സ.ഉ.(സാധാരണ) നമ്പർ 649/2015/റവ വിജ്ഞാപന പ്രകാരം 2013ലെ ഭൂമി ഏറ്റെടുക്കലിനെ ന്യായമായ നഷ്ടപരിഹാരത്തിനും, സുകാര്യതയും പുനരധിവാസത്തിനും പുന:സ്ഥാപനത്തിനുമുള്ള അവകാശ ആക്ട് (2013ലെ കേന്ദ്ര ആക്ട്, 30) പ്രകാരമുള്ള ക്ലക്ടറുടെ ചുമതലകൾ നിർവ്വഹിക്കുവാൻ എൽ.എ. (ജനറൽ) തൃശ്ശൂർ സ്പെഷ്യൽ തഹസീൽദാരെ നിയമിച്ചിരിക്കുന്നതിനാലും,

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ഇതോടൊപ്പമുള്ള പട്ടികയിൽ വിവരിച്ചിട്ടുള്ള ഭൂമി ഒരു പൊതു ആവശ്യത്തിന്, അതായത് ഇന്റർ ജില്ല, തലപ്പിള്ളി താലൂക്ക്, കൊണ്ടാഴി, കണിയാർകോട് വില്ലേജുകളിൽ കൊണ്ടാഴി - കത്താമ്പുളളി അനുബന്ധ റോഡ് നിർമ്മാണത്തിനും വേണ്ടി ആവശ്യമുണ്ടെന്നോ ആവശ്യമുണ്ടായേക്കാമെന്നോ ജില്ല കളക്ടർക്ക് ബോധ്യമാകുന്നതിനാലും,

2013ലെ ഭൂമി ഏറ്റെടുക്കലിൽ ന്യായമായ നഷ്ടപരിഹാരത്തിനും, സുതാര്യതയ്ക്കും, പുനരധിവാസത്തിനും, പുന:സ്ഥാപനത്തിനുമുള്ള അവകാശ ആക്ട് (2013 കേന്ദ്ര ആക്ട് 30) 4-ാം വകുപ്പ് (1)-ാം ഉപവകുപ്പിലെ വ്യവസ്ഥകൾക്കനുസൃതമായി ജില്ലാ കളക്ടർ താഴെ പട്ടികയിൽ പറയുന്ന സ്ഥലത്ത് ഒരു സാമൂഹ്യ പ്രത്യാഘാത വിലയിരുത്തൽ പഠനം നടത്തുന്നതിന് തീരുമാനിച്ചിരിക്കുന്നതിനാൽ,

ഇപ്പോൾ തന്മൂലം ജില്ലാതല സാമൂഹ്യ പ്രത്യാഘാത വിലയിരുത്തൽ യൂണിറ്റായ എക്സിക്യൂട്ടീവ് ഡയറക്ടർ, YSSO (യൂത്ത് സോഷ്യൽ സർവ്വീസ് ഓർഗനൈസേഷൻ) സോഷ്യൽ സർവ്വീസ് സെന്റർ എം.എ. കോളേജ്, പി.ഒ. കോതമംഗലം, എറണാകുളം എന്ന സ്ഥാപനത്തെ നിയമം അനുശാസിക്കുന്ന രീതിയിലുള്ള സാമൂഹിക പ്രത്യാഘാത പഠനം നടത്തുന്നതിനും, സാമൂഹിക പ്രത്യാഘാത നിർവ്വഹണ പദ്ധതി തയ്യാറാക്കുന്നതിനും ചുമതലപ്പെടുത്തിയിരിക്കുന്നു. ഈ പ്രക്രിയ രണ്ട് മാസത്തിനകം പൂർത്തിയാക്കേണ്ടതാണ്. ഒരു കാരണവശാലും 6 മാസത്തിനകം കൂടുവാൻ പാടുള്ളതല്ല.

പട്ടിക

താലൂക്ക്: തലപ്പിള്ളി
 വില്ലേജ്: കൊണ്ടാഴി, കണിയാർകോട്

ജില്ല: തൃശ്ശൂർ

(ഏകദേശ വിസ്തീർണ്ണമാണ് നൽകിയിരിക്കുന്നത്)

ക്രമ നമ്പർ	വില്ലേജ്	റിസർവ്വേഷൻ / സബ് ഡിവിഷൻ നം.	വിവരണം	വിസ്തീർണ്ണം (ഹെക്ടറിൽ)		
1	കൊണ്ടാഴി	6/1	പറമ്പ്	0.0037		
2	കൊണ്ടാഴി	18/1	പറമ്പ്	0.0667		
3	കൊണ്ടാഴി	18/4	പറമ്പ്	0.0398		
4	കൊണ്ടാഴി	18/5	പറമ്പ്	0.0011		
5	കൊണ്ടാഴി	20/1	പറമ്പ്	0.1186		
6	കൊണ്ടാഴി	20/2	പറമ്പ്	0.0337		
7	കൊണ്ടാഴി	20/5	പറമ്പ്	0.1285		
ആകെ					0.3921	

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8	കണിയാർകോട്	26/3	പുരയിടം	0.1697	
9	കണിയാർകോട്	27/1	പുരയിടം	0.0340	
10	കണിയാർകോട്	27/2	പുരയിടം	0.0998	
11	കണിയാർകോട്	29/1	നിലം	0.0888	
12	കണിയാർകോട്	30/1	നിലം	0.1130	
13	കണിയാർകോട്	31/4	പുരയിടം	0.0200	
14	കണിയാർകോട്	32/2	പുരയിടം	0.0249	
15	കണിയാർകോട്	32/4	പുരയിടം	0.0346	
16	കണിയാർകോട്	32/5	പുരയിടം	0.0065	
17	കണിയാർകോട്	32/6	പുരയിടം	0.0230	
18	കണിയാർകോട്	33/1	നിലം	0.0115	
19	കണിയാർകോട്	35/3	പുരയിടം	0.0560	
20	കണിയാർകോട്	35/4	പുരയിടം	0.0280	
21	കണിയാർകോട്	35/5	പുരയിടം	0.0730	
22	കണിയാർകോട്	175	പുരയിടം	0.1930	
23	കണിയാർകോട്	176/1	പുരയിടം	0.2390	
ആകെ					1.2148
					1.6069

ജില്ലാ കളക്ടർ, തൃശ്ശൂർ

PUBLISHED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT OF GOVERNMENT PRESS
AT THE GOVERNMENT CENTRAL PRESS, THIRUVANANTHAPURAM, 2020

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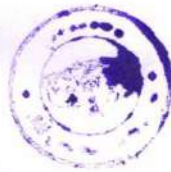


Digitally signed by PRADEEP V S
Date:2020.03.04 02:58:30 +05:30

Annexure 1 (b) Draft notice copy

സാക്ഷ്യപത്രം

കൊണ്ടാഴി കുത്താനുള്ള പാലം അനുബന്ധ റോഡ് പദ്ധതിയുടെ നിർമ്മാണ വുമായി ഭൂമി ഏറ്റെടുക്കുന്നതുമായി ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട് കേരളാ ഗസറ്റ് വിജ്ഞാപനം DCTSR/3502/2018-E4, Dt-22/02/2020 അടിസ്ഥാനമാക്കിയുള്ള സാമൂഹ്യപ്രത്യാഘാത പഠനത്തിന്റെ കരട് രേഖ 5/6/2020 ഈ ഓഫീസിന്റെ നോട്ടീസ് ബോർഡിൽ പ്രസിദ്ധീകരിച്ചിട്ടുള്ളതായി സാക്ഷ്യപ്പെടുത്തുന്നു.



Maily
5/6/20
VILLAGE OFFICER
#AYANMUR/KONDAZHI

സാക്ഷ്യപത്രം

കൊണ്ടാഴി കുത്താനുള്ള പാലം അനുബന്ധ റോഡ് പദ്ധതിയുടെ നിർമ്മാണ വുമായി ഭൂമി ഏറ്റെടുക്കുന്നതുമായി ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട് കേരളാ ഗസറ്റ് വിജ്ഞാപനം DCTSR/3502/2018-E4, Dt-22/02/2020 അടിസ്ഥാനമാക്കിയുള്ള സാമൂഹ്യപ്രത്യാഘാത പഠനത്തിന്റെ കരട് രേഖ /2020 ഈ ഓഫീസിന്റെ നോട്ടീസ് ബോർഡിൽ പ്രസിദ്ധീകരിച്ചിട്ടുള്ളതായി സാക്ഷ്യപ്പെടുത്തുന്നു.

Per 



SECRETARY
Kondazhy Grama Panchayat, P.O. Kondazhy
Thrissur Dist Pin - 679106
Phone - 04884 - 286230
Email - kondazhi@gmail.com

സാക്ഷ്യപത്രം

കൊണ്ടാഴി കുത്താനുമുള്ളി പാലം അനുബന്ധ റോഡ് പദ്ധതിയുടെ നിർമ്മാണ വുമായി ഭൂമി ഏറ്റെടുക്കുന്നതുമായി ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട് കേരളാ ഗസറ്റ് വിജ്ഞാപനം DCTSR/3502/2018-E4, Dt-22/02/2020 അടിസ്ഥാനമാക്കിയുള്ള സാമൂഹ്യപ്രയോജന പഠനത്തിന്റെ കരട് രേഖ 03/06/2020 ഈ ഓഫീസിന്റെ നോട്ടീസ് ബോർഡിൽ പ്രസിദ്ധീകരിച്ചിട്ടുള്ളതുമായി സാക്ഷ്യപ്പെടുത്തുന്നു.

എന്നു്,



ASSISTANT ENGINEER,
P.W.D. BRIDGES SECTION
THRISSUR-20

സാക്ഷ്യപത്രം

കൊണ്ടാഴി കുത്താനുള്ള പാലം അനുബന്ധ റോഡ് പദ്ധതിയുടെ നിർമ്മാണ വുമായി ഭൂമി ഏറ്റെടുക്കുന്നതുമായി ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട് കേരളാ ഗസറ്റ് വിജ്ഞാപനം DCTSR/3502/2018-E4, Dt-22/02/2020 അടിസ്ഥാനമാക്കിയുള്ള സാമൂഹ്യപ്രത്യഘാത പഠനത്തിന്റെ കരട് രേഖ /2020 ഈ ഓഫീസിന്റെ നോട്ടീസ് ബോർഡിൽ പ്രസിദ്ധീകരിച്ചിട്ടുള്ളതായി സാക്ഷ്യപ്പെടുത്തുന്നു.

Received
3/6/20
SPECIAL TAHSILDAR
THRISSUR-20
LAND ACQUISITION GENERAL

സാക്ഷ്യപത്രം

കൊണ്ടാഴി കുത്താമ്പുളി പാലം അനുബന്ധ റോഡ് പദ്ധതിയുടെ നിർമ്മാണ വുമായി ഭൂമി ഏറ്റെടുക്കുന്നതുമായി ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട് കേരളാ ഗസറ്റ് വിജ്ഞാപനം DCTSR/3502/2018-E4, Dt-22/02/2020 അടിസ്ഥാനമാക്കിയുള്ള സാമൂഹ്യപ്രത്യാഘാത പഠനത്തിന്റെ കടം രേഖ /2020 ഈ ഓഫീസിന്റെ നോട്ടീസ് ബോർഡിൽ പ്രസിദ്ധീകരിച്ചിട്ടുള്ളതായി സാക്ഷ്യപ്പെടുത്തുന്നു.

Somya IS
Somya IS



Annexure 2 Socio economic survey questionnaire

Socio Economic Survey for Social Impact Assessment Study Land Acquisition for Kondazhy-Kuthampully Bridge & Approach Road Project

SIA Ref No	
Interviewer's Name	
Survey Date	
Supervisor Name	
Data Entry Staff Name	
Date Entered Date	
Data verified by, and Date	

Respondent's Name	
Name of the affected person (if different from above)	
Address including PINCODE (Location in the Affected Area)	
Contact (Landline No.)	
Contact (Mobile No)	
Identity Card Details (any one id proof)	
Aadhaar No.	
Ration Card No.	
Passport No.	
Voters Id	

Q.1 Identification	Place/Location	
	Ward No.	
	Name of Panchayath	

Q. 2 Respondent	Owner		Representative of Owner
-----------------	-------	--	-------------------------

Q. 3 Name & Address of the Respondent	Owner		Representative of Owner	
---------------------------------------	-------	--	-------------------------	--

ASSET DETAILS

Q. 4 Type of Property

Open Land		Nilam		NilamNikathuPurayidam	
-----------	--	-------	--	-----------------------	--

Q. 5 Type of use

Open Land		Wet Land (Agricultural Land)		Others (specify)	
-----------	--	------------------------------	--	------------------	--

Q. 6 Name of title holder of the property (Specify the names of all the members specified as per the title deed)		
a) Communication Address (with PINCODE)		
b) Contact No		
c) Relationship with family head		
d) Acquisition by	Hereditary	
	Purchase	
	Encroached/squatter	
	Others (specify)	
e) Date of acquiring of the property (approx period)		
f) Details of transactions made on the property within the last three years		

Q. 7 Property Details

a) Survey No (Mandatory)	
b) Total Area (in hectares)	
c) Area Affected (in hectares)	

In case of more than one property please use additional pages

IMPACT

Q.8 Extent of acquisition	Fully		Partially	
Q. 9 Whether property viable after implementation of project	Yes		No	

Q. VULNERABILITY

Q. 10 Do you have Ration Card?	Yes		No		If Yes, Mention Number
Q. 11 Type of Ration Care	BPL		APL		AAY

GENERAL INFORMATION

Q. 12 Size of Family/household (specify no of family members)	Male		Female	
---	------	--	--------	--

Family Pattern	Joint		Nuclear		Individual	
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Q. 13	Hindu		Muslim		Christian		Jain		Others	
Q. 14	SC		ST		OBC		General		Others	

FAMILY MEMBERS – DETAILS

SL. No.	Name	Relationship with the Head of the family	Age	Sex	Marital Status	Education		Job	Monthly Income	Major diseases
						Completed	Continuing			

Q. 15 Livelihood (Major Source of Income) of Family affected	Yes		No	
--	-----	--	----	--

Q. 16 Family Income & Source

a) Family monthly income (in Rs.)	
b) Family monthly expenditure (in Rs.)	
c) Major Source of Income	
c) No of adult earning members	
d) No of dependents	

Project Related Information

Q. 17. Are you aware of the proposed Socio Economic Survey for Social Impact Assessment Study Land Acquisition for Kondazhy-Kuthampully Bridge & Approach Road Project	Yes		No	

Q. 18 If yes, source of information

Newspaper		Internet/Social media		TV/Media	
Community members		All of the above		Other (Specify)	

Q19. What is the positive or other impacts envisaged from this project development

Positive impacts perceived		Other perceived impacts	
Increase in employment opportunities		Loss of productive land for agriculture	

due to better access facilities			
Increase in movement in terms of facility and frequency		Pressure on existing infrastructure	
Increase in economic and business activities		Conflict with outsiders	
Increase land prices		Increase in the density around the project area	
Improvement in the real estate sector		Increased spread of communicable diseases and other vulnerabilities	
Better reach/access to larger towns (health/education)		Increase in rentals for tenants for both residential and commercial properties	
Higher income from rental due to this infrastructure development		Others (specify)	
Others (specify)			

Q. 20 REHABILITATION OPTIONS

a) Owner

	Equivalent/better productive land	
What is preferred rehabilitation measure	Case compensation at replacement value	
	Training for income restoration	
	Other (Specify)	

Additional information

Sign

Annexure3 Public hearing notification news (Janmabhoomi, Madhyamam, Mathrubhoomi)



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 2020 ഫെബ് 23
 1195 മദ്രാസ് 9 23 ശനി

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ജനമഭൂമി
 2020 ഫെബ് 23
 1195 മദ്രാസ് 9 23 ശനി



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 24
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 2020
 ഫെബ് 10
 28.00
 തുസ്മൂർ

മാധ്യമം
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 ഞായർ
 2020
 ഫെബ് 10
 28.00
 തുസ്മൂർ

മാധ്യമം
 24
 ഞായർ
 2020
 ഫെബ് 10
 28.00
 തുസ്മൂർ



കൊണ്ടാഴി
 - കുത്താംപുളളി പാലം:
 ഹിയറിങ് ഇന

കൊണ്ടാഴി - കൊണ്ടാഴി-കുത്താംപുളളി പാലത്തിന് സ്ഥലം വിട്ടു നൽകുന്ന ഉടമസ്ഥർക്കുള്ള ഹിയറിങ് തിങ്കളാഴ്ച തിരുവിലോമല ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് ഹാളിൽ നടത്തും. കൊണ്ടാഴി, കണിയാർകോട് വില്ലേജുകളിൽനിന്നായി 1,6069 ഹെക്ടർ ഭൂമിയാണ് ഏറ്റെടുക്കാനുള്ളത്. രണ്ടു വില്ലേജുകളിലെ 19 ചുവടുകൾ ഉണ്ടാണ് ഹിയറിങ്ങിനായി വിളിച്ചിട്ടുള്ളത്. കണിയാർകോട് വില്ലേജിലുള്ളവർക്ക് 11 മുതൽ 12 മണിവരെയും കൊണ്ടാഴി വില്ലേജിലുള്ളവർക്ക് 12 മുതൽ ഒരു മണി വരെയുമാണ് ഹിയറിങ്. കോതമംഗലം ആസ്ഥാനമായുള്ള യൂത്ത് സോഷ്യൽ സർവീസ് ഓർഗനൈസേഷനാണ് സാമൂഹിക പ്രശ്നാഘാത പഠനം നടത്തുന്നതിന് ജില്ലാ കളക്ടർ ചുമതലപ്പെടുത്തിയിട്ടുള്ളത്. ഹിയറിങ്ങിൽ ഭൂമി ഏറ്റെടുക്കൽ തഹസീൽദാർ അടക്കമുള്ള റവന്യൂ ഉദ്യോഗസ്ഥരും പങ്കെടുക്കും.

08/06/2020
 WADAKKANCHERY Pg 09

Annexure 4 Notice to the affected families

यूत्त सोष्यल सरवीस ओरगैनेसेषन

सोष्यल सरवीस सेन्टर

कालेज पी.ओ., कोथमंगलम - 686 666, कोच्ची, केरला, इन्डिया

Ph: 9446510628 | 0485,2971222 | 9645391800



Youth Social Service Organization

Social Service Center

College P.O., Kothamangalam - 686 666, Cochin, Kerala

9446510628 | 0485 2971222 | 9645391800

www.yssso.net | yssso95@gmail.com

**Executive Director
Fr. Jose Paruthuvayalil**

ഫറാം നം. 5. ചട്ടം 14 (1) കാണുക

No.20/SIA/KKAR/2020

നോട്ടീസ്

ഇതോടൊപ്പമുള്ള പട്ടികയിൽ വിവരിച്ചിട്ടുള്ളതുമായ ഭൂമി ഒരു പൊതു ആവശ്യത്തിന് അതായത് കൊണ്ടാഴി-കൂത്താമ്പലുള്ളി പാലം & അനുബന്ധ റോഡിന്റെ നിർമ്മാണത്തിനു വേണ്ടി ഭൂമി ആവശ്യമുണ്ടെന്നോ, ആവശ്യമുണ്ടായേക്കാമെന്നോ ജില്ലാ കളക്ടർക്ക് ബോധ്യമാകുന്നതിനായി താഴെ പട്ടികയിൽ പറയുന്ന സ്ഥലത്ത് സാമൂഹ്യ പ്രത്യാഘാത വിലയിരുത്തൽ നടത്തുന്നതിന്, ഭൂമി ഏറ്റെടുക്കലിൽ ന്യായമായ നഷ്ടപരിഹാരത്തിനും സുതാര്യതയും പുനരധിവാസത്തിനും പുനസ്ഥാപനത്തിനുമുള്ള അവകാശ നിയമം (2013 ലെ കേന്ദ്ര ആക്ട്, 30) 4-ാം വകുപ്പ് 1-ാം ഉപവകുപ്പ് പ്രകാരമുള്ള കേരള ഗസറ്റ് നമ്പർ DCTSR/3602/2018-E4 തീയതി 04/03/2020 ൽ പ്രസിദ്ധീകരിച്ചിട്ടുള്ളതാണ്. സാമൂഹ്യ പ്രത്യാഘാത വിലയിരുത്തൽ റിപ്പോർട്ട് തയ്യാറാക്കുന്നതുമായി ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട് കൊണ്ടാഴി, കണിയാർക്കോട് എന്നീ വില്ലേജിൽ ഉൾപ്പെടുന്ന ഭൂമിയിൽ താല്പര്യമുള്ള എല്ലാ വ്യക്തികളും 2020 ജൂൺ 8-ാം തീയതി 11.00 മണി മുതൽ തിരുവില്വാമലപ്പഞ്ചായത്ത് ഹാളിൽ വെച്ച് നടത്തപ്പെടുന്ന പബ്ലിക് ഹിയറിംഗിന് ഹാജരാകേണ്ടതാണെന്ന് ഇതിനാൽ അറിയിച്ചുകൊള്ളുന്നു.

പട്ടിക

താലൂക്ക് : തലപ്പിള്ളി,	ജില്ല : തൃശ്ശൂർ	വില്ലേജ് : കൊണ്ടാഴി, കണിയാർക്കോട്
	(ഏകദേശ വിസ്തീർണ്ണം തന്നിരിക്കുന്നു)	വിസ്തീർണ്ണം
വില്ലേജ്	സർവ്വേ നമ്പർ	1.6069ഹെക്ടർ
കൊണ്ടാഴി,	6/1, 18/1, 18/4, 18/5, 20/1, 20/2, 20/5,	
കണിയാർക്കോട്	26/3, 27/1, 27/2, 29/1, 30/1, 31/4,	
	32/2, 32/4, 32/5, 32/6, 33/1, 35/3, 35/4, 35/5, 175, 176/1	

(ഒപ്പ്), *[Signature]* സാമൂഹ്യ പ്രത്യാഘാത നിർണ്ണയ യൂണിറ്റ്

കോതമംഗലം,
23/05./2020.



Annexure 5 List of Participants-Officials and Affected Families

KKBAR

LIST OF OFFICIALS IN THE PUBLIC HEARING

Notification Number DCTSR/3502/2018-E4, 04/03/2020

Social Impact Assessment Study For Kondazhy -Kuthampully Bridge & Approach Road at Thalappilli Taluk, Kondazhy- Kaniyarkode Villages

Date : 08/06/2020

Time : 11am

Venue :Thiruvilwamala Panchayath Hall.

Sl No	Name	Designation	Contact No.	Signature
1	M. R. Viji	President	9496046062	
2	Banathkumaran M.K	REE PWD Bridges	8086395084	
3	Bannelu K.P	AR PWD	9496296020	
4	Nitha C.S	Overseer PWD	9947324325	
5	Manojkumar	STAM/AR	994720389	
6	M. S. Sankar	Voluntary		
7	LALU K.S	D-T	966650313	
8	inmesh Kumar N.S.	spl. Tahildar	9446196745	
9	Vinodkumar C.S	SO, clark	9744606459	
10	Savitri	Youth social ser vice organi.c	964539800	
11	P. S. Jeyaraj	Voluntary	9424711104	
12				
13				

KKBAR

LIST OF PARTICIPANTS IN THE PUBLIC HEARING


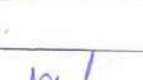

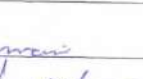

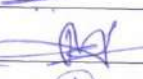



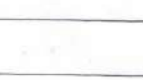

Notification Number DCTSR/3502/2018-E4, 04/03/2020




Social Impact Assessment Study For Kondazhy - Kuthampully Bridge & Approach Road at Thalappilli Taluk, Kondazhy - Kaniyarkode Villages

Date : 08/06/2020

Time : 11am

Venue : Thiruvilwamala Panchayath Hall.

Sl No.	Name	Survey No.	Contact No.	Signature
1	M. Shankarulu		9961117267	
2	C.R. Balamani		9048052475	
3	K. Anandan		9495282137	
4	N. Thirumavalan		9745879589	
5	R. George		11	
6	K. Kandaswamy		9048137499	
7	V. Sivanandan		9495852234	
8	M. Muhammed. G		854761460	
9	Regina P. K		9207448078	
10	R. Chandrashekar		9447121349	
11	P. Balamani		9995978867	
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19	നമ്പൂരി		9072635901 9539573659	
20	V.P. Ramanarayman		9745779939	Brodute
21	V.P. Madharan		"	Brodute
22	V.P. Vilasini.V.P.		8086428299	(V.P.)
23	മുഹമ്മദ്			
24	രണ്ടാലി		97450	009
25	മുഹമ്മദ്		9745069534	
26	M. Shankar		996117267	
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